

Common Core State Standards: Shifts for Students and Parents



Shifts for Students Demanded by the Core

6 Shifts in ELA/Literacy

Read as much non fiction as fiction
Learn about the world by reading
Read more challenging material closely
Discuss reading using evidence
Write non-fiction using evidence
Increase academic vocabulary

6 Shifts in Mathematics

Focus: learn more about fewer, key topics
Build skills within and across grades
Develop speed and accuracy
Really know it, Really do it
Use it in the real world
Think fast AND solve problems

ELA/Literacy Shift 1: Read as much non fiction as fiction

Students must	Parents can
• Read more non- fiction	• Supply more non- fiction text
 Know the ways non- fiction can be put together 	• Read non fiction texts aloud or with your child
• Enjoy and discuss the details of non-fiction	• Have fun with non-fiction in front of them
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ELA/Literacy Shift 2: Learn about the world by reading

Students must	Parents can
• Get smart in Science	 Supply series of texts
and Social Studies	on topics of interest
through reading	
	 Find books that
Handle "primary	explain
source" documents	
	 Discuss non-fiction
• Get smarter through	texts and the ideas
texts	within

The more we read the more we can read!

- By age 3, children from affluent families have heard 30 million more words than children from parents living in poverty. (Hart and Risley, 1995).
- Children who have larger vocabularies and greater understanding of spoken language do better in school (Whitehurst and Lonigan).
- If children aren't reading on grade level by third grade, are four times more likely to leave high school without a diploma (Hernandez, 2011).

ELA/Literacy Shift 3:Read more complex material carefully

Students must	Parents can
• Re-read	• Provide more challenging
• Read material at comfort level AND work with more challenging stuff	texts AND provide texts they WANT to read and can read comfortably
• Unpack text	• Know what is grade level appropriate
• Handle frustration and keep pushing	• Read challenging stuff with them
	• Show that challenging stuff is worth unpacking

Support their Reading. Read Challenging Texts Aloud.

Grades	Example of Complexity: Nonfiction	Example of Complexity: Fiction
K-1	A Tree is a Plant Read Aloud: Fire, Fire!	Are you My Mother? Read Aloud: The Owl & the Pussycat
2-3	Martin Luther King and the March on Washington Read Aloud: What the World Eats	Fire Cat Read Aloud: Charlotte's Web
4-5	Hurricanes: Earth's Mightiest Storms The Kids' Guide to Money	Bud not Buddy The Secret Garden
6-8	Narrative of the Life of Frederick Douglass A Night to Remember	Little Women The People Could Fly
9-10	Hope, Despair, Memory Letter from Birmingham Jail	Things Fall Apart In the Time of Butterflies
11-12	Take the Tortillas Out of Your Poetry Mother Tongue Black Boy	The Canterbury Tales Dreaming in Cuban Crime & Punishment

ELA/Literacy Shift 4: Discuss reading using evidence

Students Must	Parents Can
• Find evidence to support	• Talk about text
their arguments	
	• Demand evidence in
 Form judgments 	every day discussions/
	disagreements
• become scholars	
	 Read aloud or read the
 Discuss what the author is 	same book and discuss with
"up to"	evidence

ELA/Literacy Shift 5: Writing from Sources

Students Must	Parents can
• Make arguments in writing using evidence	• Encourage writing at home
• Compare multiple texts in writing	• Write "books" together and use evidence/ details
• Write well	• Look at Appendix A: http://www.corestandards.o rg/assets/Appendix_C.pdf

ELA/Literacy Shift 6: Academic Vocabulary

Students Must	Parents Can
 Learn the words that they can use in college and career Get smarter at using the "language of power" 	 Read often and constantly with babies, toddlers, preschoolers, and children Read multiple books about the same topic Let your kids see you reading Talk to your children; Read to your children; Listen to your children; Sing with your children; Make up silly rhymes and word games with your children
	10

Marylin Jager Adams

Advancing Our Students' Language and Literacy: The Challenge of Complex Texts (American Educator, Winter 2010-2011)

- What is written is much more complex than what we say.
- The more children read about a topic, the more they can read about that topic.

Mathematics Shift 1:

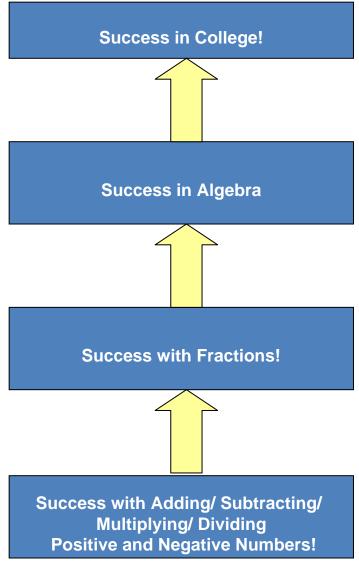
Focus: learn more about less

Students Must	Parents Can
• Spend more time on fewer concepts.	 Know what the priority work is for your child for their grade level Spend time with your child on priority work
	 Ask your child's teacher about their progress on priority work

Mathematics Shift 2: Skills Across Grades

Students Must	Parents Can
• Keep building on learning year after year	 Be aware of what your child struggled with last year and how that will affect learning this year
	 Advocate for your child and ensure that support is given for "gap" skills – negative numbers, fractions, etc

The National Mathematics Advisory Panel's Final Report (2008)



Mathematics Shift 3: Speed and Accuracy

Students Must	Parents Can
•Spend time practicing – lots of problems on the same idea	 Push children to know/memorize basic math facts Know all of the fluencies your child should have and prioritize learning of the ones they don't

Key Fluencies

Grade	Required Fluency
K	Add/subtract within 5
1	Add/subtract within 10
	Add/subtract within 20
2	Add/subtract within 100 (pencil and paper)
3	Multiply/divide within 100
S	Add/subtract within 1000
4	Add/subtract within 1,000,000
5	Multi-digit multiplication
6	Multi-digit division
O	Multi-digit decimal operations
7	Solve $px + q = r$, $p(x + q) = r$
8	Solve simple 2×2 systems by inspection

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Mathematics Shift 4: Know it/ Do it!

Students Must	Parents Can
• UNDERSTAND why the math works. MAKE the math work.	• Notice whether your child REALLY knows why the answer is what it is
• TALK about why the math works	• Advocate for the TIME your child needs to learn key math
• PROVE that they know	
why and how the math works	• Provide TIME for your child to work hard with math at home
	• Get smarter in the math your child needs to know

Mathematics Shift 5: Real World

Students Must	Parents Can
• Apply math in real	• Ask your child to
world situations	DO the math that
	comes up in your
 Know which math 	daily life
to use for which	
situation	

Mathematics Shift 6: Think Fast/ Solve Problems

Students Must	Parents Can
• Be able to use core math facts FAST AND	• Notice which side of this coin your child is smart at and where he/she needs to get smarter
Be able to apply math in the real world	 Make sure your child is PRACTICING the math facts he/she struggles with Make sure your child is thinking about Math in real life

NY State Test Item 5th Grade Math (2005)

12 Pierre is making an apple crumb pie using the items below.

Crumb	Filling
$\frac{3}{4}$ cup flour	4 cups sliced apples
1 3 cup sugar	1 cup sugar

How much total sugar must Pierre use to make the pie crumb and filling?

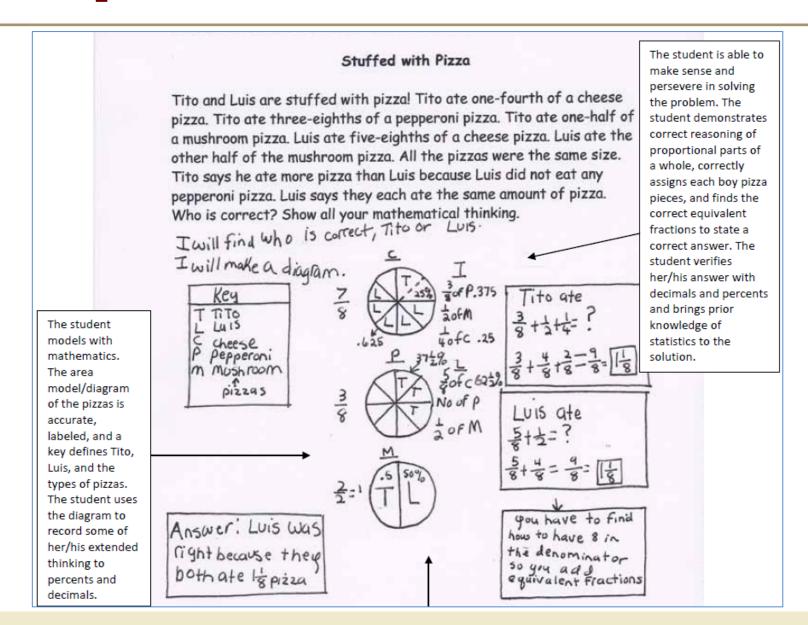
- F 7/12 cup
- $G = \frac{2}{6} cup$
- $H = \frac{3}{4} cup$
- $J = \frac{2}{3} cup$

Example Common Core Performance Task 5th Grade Math

Stuffed with Pizza

Tito and Luis are stuffed with pizza! Tito ate one-fourth of a cheese pizza. Tito ate three-eighths of a pepperonipizza. Tito ate one-half of a mushroom pizza. Luis ate five-eighths of a cheese pizza. Luis ate the other half of the mushroom pizza. All the pizzas were the same size. Tito says he ate more pizza than Luis because Luis did not eat any pepperoni pizza. Luis says they each ate the same amount of pizza. Who is correct? Show all your mathematical thinking.

Example Annotated Student Work



Common Core Resources on EngageNY

Common Core Video Series

August 1, 2011 | 2 Comments

Education Commissioner John King, David Coleman and Kate Gerson explain every key aspect Common Core standards in depth. By viewing this 15-part series, New York educators and administrators will learn step-by-step how to implement the Common Core for ELA/Literacy and Wath in their schools and classrooms. You'll also gain a deeper understanding of the rationale behind the Common Core and what it will mean for students across our state.

Produced in partnership with NYS PBS stations WCNY/Syracuse and WNET/New York City, the series illuminates the Common Core through conversations between Commissioner King, a former high school social studies teacher and middle school the Common Core State Standards; and Gerson, a Senior Research Fund and a former high school English teacher

Network Teams and other professional development their work with schools and districts. Most importantly, conversation between educators, districts and the mplementing the Common Core. Only through our to life. Join the conversation by leaving a common control of the conversation contr

"The Common Core is all about making sure our students are equipped for success when they graduate."

Curriculum Exemplars

August 1, 2011 | 6 Comments

ELA

Common Core Exemplar for Elementary School ELA: Feynman's "The Making of a Scientist"

The goal of the three day exemplar, <u>Common Core Exemplar for Elementary School ELA:</u>
<u>Feynman's "The Making of a Scientist."</u> is to give students the opportunity to use the reading and writing habits they've been practicing on a regular basis to unpack Feynman's memoir of interactions with his father that awaken the scientific spirit within him.

Common Core Exemplar for Elementary School ELA: The Great Fire
The goal of this three day exemplar, Common Core Exemplar for Elementary School ELA: The
Great Fire, is to give students the opportunity to use the reading and writing habits they've been

Common Core "Shitts"

THE COMMON CORE

There are twelve shifts that the Common Core requires of us if we are to be truly aligned with it in te curricular materials and classroom instruction. There are six shifts in Mathematics and six shifts in I

Shifts in ELA/ Literacy		
Shift 1	PK-5, Balancing Informational & Literary Texts	Students read a true balance of informational and literary texts. Eleme classrooms are, therefore, places where students access the world – s social studies, the arts and literature – through text. At least 50% of wh read is informational.
Shift 2	6-12, Knowledge in the Disciplines	Content area teachers outside of the ELA classroom emphasize literace experiences in their planning and instruction. Students learn through dispecific texts in science and social studies classrooms – rather than rethe text, they are expected to learn from what they read.